<u>Saliha BESBAS</u>^a, Soumia MOUFFOUK^a, Hamada HABA^a, Laurence MARCOURT^b, Jean-Luc WOLFENDER^b, Mohammed BENKHALED^{a,*}

^aLaboratoire de Chimie et Chimie de l'Environnement (L.C.C.E), Département de Chimie, Faculté des Sciences de la Matière, Université de Batna-1, Batna 05000, Algérie

^bInstitute of Pharmaceutical Sciences of Western Switzerland, CMU - Rue Michel-Servet 1, CH1211 Geneva, Switzerland.

E-mail : <u>saliha.besbas@univ-batna.dz</u>



The genus *Onions* L. is one of the most important genera of the family Fabaceae, with about of 75 species distributed mainly in Mediterranean region, Canary Islands, Europe and Central Asia [1-2]. Previous phytochemical investigations focused on species of the genus *Ononis* revealed the presence of various classes of secondary metabolites such as sugar, tannins, saponins, flavonoïds, phenolic acids, essential oils, sterols, triterpenoïds and coumarins [3-7]. This first phytochemical investigation of *Ononis mitissima* L. growing in Algeria, allowed the isolation and characterization of five flavonoïds namely: formononetin (1), genkwanin (2), velutin (3), ononin (4) and quercetrin (5). Their structures were elucidated by spectroscopic analysis (¹H, ¹³C, COSY, HSQC, HMBC and NOESY), spectometry (ESI-MS) and comparison with literature data. The total phenolic and flavonoïd contents were estimated by the Folin-Ciocalteu and AlCl₃ methods and the antioxidant activity of ethyl acetate extract was evaluated by two methods including ferric reducing antioxidant power and total antioxidant capacity. The powerful antioxidant activity of EtOAc extract could be related to its greater phenolic and flavonoïd contents and the presence

2 BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The species *O. mitissima* is an annual plant, erect or ascending, glabrescent, not spiny. It is very common in the Mediterranean region of Europe, Asia and Africa ⁽²⁾

Kingdom:

Branch:

Class:

Order:

Family:

Subfamily:

Genus:

Species:



Plantae
Spermatophyta
Eudicotyledonae
Fabidées
Fabaceae
Papilionoideae

Ononis.

Ononis mitissima L.

3 EXTRACTION AND ISOLATION



4-2 FRAPAND PPM ACTIVITIES

The antioxidant activity of the extracts was calculated from the regression equation of the straight line determined by the ascorbic acid. The values are expressed with (μ g Eq of ascorbic acid per mg of extract). the EtOAc extract displayed the highest antioxidant activity, in ferric reducing antioxidant power and total antioxidant capacity with values of 122.23 ± 0.014 and 16.44 ± 0.0012 µg EAA/mg ex compared to the results of n-BuOH and PE extracts.







This study is focused on the phytochemical and the biological activities of *Ononis mitissima* L., which is so rich in flavonoïd derivatives, phenolic acids, anthranilic acid and resorcinol derivatives, aromatic lactones and coumarins. This investigation led to the isolation by chromatographic methods and characterization by spectroscopic methods including NMR 1D and 2D, mass spectrometry (ESI-MS), UV, and by comparison with the literature data. of five secondary metabolites type isoflavonoïds and flavanone from the ethyl acetate and *n*-BuOH extracts of *O. mitissima*. The antioxidant activity was evaluated by two different methods: ferric reducing power ad ferric thiocyanate assay. The results of the antioxidant activity revealed that the EtOAc extract displayed the highest antioxidant activity, in ferric reducing antioxidant power and total antioxidant capacity with values of 122.23 ± 0.014 and $16.44 \pm 0.0012 \ \mu g EAA/mg$ ex compared to the results of *n*-BuOH and PE extracts. It can be concluded that *Ononis mitissima* L. extracts might be an interesting alternative for future applications as a source of antioxidants.



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4-1 TOTAL PHENOLIC AND FLAVONOID CONTENTS

Extrait	EP	AcOEt	<i>n</i> -BuOH
Total phenolic content (µg GAE/ mg of plant extract)	52.11 ± 0.65	177.96 ± 0.16	157.10 ± 0.24





