

République Algérienne démocratique populaire ministère de l'enseignement supérieur et de la recherche scientifique Université de la science et technologie Houari Boumediene



Identification of pesticide degradation by-products using a new protocol based on QuEChERS extraction and GC-MS/MS methods

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Introduction

Materiels and methods

Results and discussion

Conclusion







Introduction		Materiels and methods	Results and discussion	Conclusion
		By-products	Retention	Molecular weight
			time (min)	m/z
	1	Triethyl thiophosphate	7.11	198
	2	2-Isopropyl-5-ethyl- 6-methylprymidine- 4-ol	7.49	156
Pogulta and	3	2-isopropyl-6- methyl- pyrimidine- 4-ol (IMP)	7.77	133
discussions	4	Triethyl Phosphate	8.56	182
	5	Diazoxon	9.44	137
	6	hydroxydiazinon	14.23	178



The aims of this study is the identification of the by-products resulting from the degradation of an organophosphorus pesticide (Diazinon) using the photo-Fenton process

> Gas phase chromatography coupled with a triple quadrupole mass spectrometry was used for the identification of by -products resulting from the photo-degradation of Diazinon.

▷ QUECheRS extraction (Liq/Liq extraction technique) dispersive solid phase extraction (d-SPE) was performed. The extract was evaporated (pre-concentration method) under a high-purity nitrogen stream.

The GC-MS/MS analysis method combined with the QuEChERS extraction approach and the pre-concentration method showed excellent performance in detecting by-products even at concentrations on the order of $ng.L^{-1}$

Sex by-products were identifier in this work: diazoxon, triethyl phosphate, triethyl thiophosphate, 2-isopropyl-5-ethyl-6-methylpyrimidine-4-ol, 2-isopropyl-6-methylpyrimidine-4-ol (IMP) and hydroxydiazinon.

Conclusion

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

